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藥用真菌桑黃(Inonotus sanghuang)生物學及栽培研究 (3/4)

計畫報告書

Biological and cultivation studies of the medicinal mushroom *Inonotus sanghuang* (3/4)

計畫編號:103林發-07.1-保-18

執行單位:國立自然科學博物館

研究主持人:吳聲華

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中文摘要

流傳中、日、韓千年以上的珍貴藥用真菌「桑黃」種類之謎於 2012 年初解

開,發現真正的桑黃是未曾發表過的世界新種:Inonotus sanghuang Sheng H. Wu

et al.。真正的桑黃分布於中國大陸、日本、韓國以及台灣,野外只生長在桑樹上,

且數量極爲稀少。本計畫目的在建立藥用真菌桑黃生物學基本資料,使稀有的野

生桑黃受到保育關注,也爲進一步發展桑黃保健食品與藥物研發的基礎。今年進

行四項工作:(1)桑黄的地理分布及族群遺傳研究(第一年),(2)野生桑黄子

實體、菌種收集及鑑定(第三年),(3)桑黃液態、固態培養條件研究(第三年),

(4)桑黄子實體人工太空包栽培研究(第二年)。

關鍵詞:人工栽培、藥用真菌、桑黃、台灣

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英文摘要

The valuable medicinal Sanghuang mushroom was known from China, Japan

and Korea for more than 1000 years, and its species identification was recently

pubished in early 2012 as a newly described species, *Inonotus sanghuang* Sheng H.

Wu et al. The real Sanghuang is distributed in mainland China, Japan, Korea and

Taiwan, only grows on *Morus* trees, and is very rare in the wild. This study aims to

establish bilogical information of the Sanghuang mushroom, in order to call people to

pay attention to the conservation of wild Sanghuang. This study also will serve as the

basis for further research of dietary supplement and drugs of Sanghuang. The project

of this year has conducted four items of studies. (1) Multilocus analysis of genetic

variation in the Sanghuang (1nd year). (2) Collection of wild basidiocarps and living

strains of Sanghuang (3nd year). (3) Liquid- and solid-phase culture study of

Sanghuang (3nd year). (4) Bag-cultivation for fructification of Sanghuang mushroom

(2st year).

Keywords: Artificial cultivation, medicinal fungi, *Inonotus sanghuang*, Taiwan

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