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藥用真菌桑黃 (*Inonotus sanghuang*) 生物學及栽培  
研究 (1/4)

計畫報告書

**Biological and cultivation studies of the medicinal  
mushroom *Inonotus sanghuang* (1/4)**

計畫編號：101林發-07.1-保-40

執行單位：國立自然科學博物館

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101 -07.1- 40 藥用真菌桑黃 (*Inonotus sanghuang*) 生物學及栽培研究 (1/4) 計畫主持人 吳聲

## 中文摘要

流傳中、日、韓千年以上的珍貴藥用真菌「桑黃」種類之謎於 2012 年初解開，發現真正的桑黃是未曾發表過的世界新種：*Inonotus sanghuang* Sheng H. Wu et al.。真正的桑黃分布於中國大陸、日本、韓國以及台灣，野外只生長在桑樹上，且數量極為稀少。本計畫目的在建立藥用真菌桑黃生物學基本資料，使稀有的野生桑黃受到保育關注，也為進一步發展桑黃保健食品與藥物研發的基礎。今年進行四項工作：(1) 桑黃的分類地位系統研究（第一年），(2) 野生桑黃子實體及菌種收集及鑑定（第一年），(3) 桑黃液態培養研究（第一年），(4) 桑黃子實體人工栽培考察及栽培條件探討。

關鍵詞：人工栽培、藥用真菌、桑黃、台灣、*Inonotus sanghuang*

## 英文摘要

The valuable medicinal sanghuang mushroom was known from China, Japan and Korea for more than 1000 years, and its species identification was recently published in early 2012 as a newly described species, *Inonotus sanghuang* Sheng H. Wu et al. The real sanghuang is distributed in mainland China, Japan, Korea and Taiwan, only grows on *Morus* trees, and is very rare in the wild. This study aims to establish biological information of the sanghuang mushroom, in order to call people to pay attention to the conservation of wild sanghuang. This study also will serve as the basis for further research of dietary supplement and drugs of sanghuang. The project of this year has conducted four items of studies. (1) Taxonomic placement of sanghuang (1<sup>st</sup> year). (2) Collection of wild basidiocarps and living strains of sanghuang (1<sup>st</sup> year). (3) Liquid-phase culture study of sanghuang (1<sup>st</sup> year). (4) Investigation and evaluation of the condition of artificial cultivation for sanghuang mushroom.

Keywords: Artificial cultivation, medicinal fungi, *Inonotus sanghuang*, Taiwan